

View results

Respondent

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Time to complete

This is a public consultation by the Civil Justice Council.

The consultation is open until 24 December 2021 at 10am. **UPDATE - The CJC's consultation on pre-action protocols has been extended for 4 weeks. The consultation will close on Friday 21 January at 12 noon.**

Consultees do not need to answer all questions if only some are of interest or relevance. This form contains branching so you will be able to skip sections that you do not wish to respond to.

Answers should be submitted through the online form. Please note that responses are limited to 4,000 characters per question (around 650 words). Any individual question response longer than 4,000 characters will be cut off at 4,000 characters. If you want to supply any response not in text form please email cjc.pap@judiciary.uk for details on how to do so.

About the Civil Justice Council:

The Civil Justice Council (CJC) is a non-departmental advisory body, which was established by the Civil Procedure Act 1997, to advise the Government and the Judiciary on the civil justice system in England and Wales.

For information about how the CJC handles your personal data, please see our privacy notice at <https://www.judiciary.uk/wp-content/uploads/2019/12/CJC-PRIVACY-POLICY-Nov-2019-f.pdf>.

Information provided to the Civil Justice Council: We aim to be transparent and to explain the basis on which conclusions have been reached. We may publish or disclose information you provide in response to Civil Justice Council papers, including personal information. For example, we may publish an extract of your response in Civil Justice Council publications, or publish the response itself. Additionally, we may be required to disclose the information, such as in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act 2000. We will process your personal data in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulation.

Consultation responses are most effective where we are able to report which consultees responded to us, and what they said. If you consider that it is necessary for all or some of the information that you provide to be treated as confidential and so neither published nor disclosed, please contact us before sending it. Please limit the confidential material to the minimum, clearly identify it and explain why you want it to be confidential. We cannot guarantee that confidentiality can be maintained in all circumstances and an automatic disclaimer generated by your IT system will not be regarded as binding on the Civil Justice Council.

Alternatively, you may want your response to be anonymous. That means that we may refer to what you say in your response, but will not reveal that the information came from you. You might want your response to be anonymous because it contains sensitive information about you or your organisation, or because you are worried about other people knowing what you have said to us.

We list who responded to our consultations in our reports. If you provide a confidential response your name will appear in that list. If your response is anonymous we will not include your name in the list unless you have given us permission to do so.

Please let us know if you wish your response to be anonymous or confidential.

1. My response is: *

- ☒ Public
- ☐ Anonymous
- ☐ Confidential

About you

2. First Name *

Andy

3. Last Name *

Taylor

4. Your location (name of town/city) *

[REDACTED]

5. Your role *

- ☐ Judge
- ☐ Lawyer
- ☐ Insurer
- ☐ Paralegal/Legal Assistant
- ☐ Litigant
- ☐ Policy maker/civil servant
- ☒ member of public

6. Your job title

N/A

7. If relevant, whose interests do you predominantly represent? *

- ☐ Claimants
- ☒ Defendants
- ☐ Not applicable

8. Your organisation

n/a

9. Are you responding on behalf of your organisation? *

- ☐ Yes
- ☒ No

10. Your email address *

[REDACTED]

Questions relevant to all protocols

11. Do you agree that the Overriding Objective should be amended to include express reference to the pre-action protocols (PAPs)?

- ☒ Yes
- ☐ No
- ☐ Other

12. Do you agree that compliance with PAPs should be mandatory except in urgent cases? Do you think there should be any other exceptions generally, or in relation to specific PAPs?

Yes, PAP must be mandatory, particularly with regard to civil claims involving private parking charges.

13. Do you agree there should be online pre-action portals for all cases where there is an online court process and that the systems be linked so that information exchanged through the PAP portal will be automatically accessible to the court (except for those designated as without prejudice)?

- ☒ Yes
- ☐ No
- ☐ Other

14. Do you support the creation of a new summary costs procedure to resolve costs disputes about liability and quantum in cases that settle at the PAP stage? In giving your answer, please give any suggestions you might have for how such a costs procedure should operate.

Yes

15. Do you agree that PAPs should include mandatory good faith obligation to try to resolve or narrow the dispute? In answering this question, please include any views you have about the proper scope of any such obligation and whether there are any cases and protocols in which it should not apply.

Yes, although private parking companies are often unwilling to enter into mediation or accept that their charges are not fairly issued.

16. Do you agree that, unless the parties clearly state otherwise, all communications between the parties as part of their good faith efforts to try to resolve or narrow the dispute would be without prejudice? Invitations to engage in good faith steps could still be disclosed to the court demonstrate compliance with the protocol, and offers of compromise pursuant to Part 36 would still be governed by the privilege rules in Part 36.

- ☒ Yes
- ☐ No
- ☐ Other

17. Do you agree that there should be a requirement to complete a joint stocktake report in which the parties set out the issues on which they agree, the issues on which they are still in dispute and the parties' respective positions on them? Do you agree that this stocktake report should also list the documents disclosed by the parties and the documents they are still seeking disclosure of? Are there any cases and protocols where you believe the stocktake requirement should not apply? In giving your answer please also include any comments you have on the Template Joint Stocktake Report in Appendix 4.

Yes

18. Do you agree with the suggested approach to sanctions for non-compliance set out in paragraphs 3.26-3.29? In particular please comment on:

- a) Whether courts should have the power to strike out a claim or defence to deal with grave cases of non-compliance?
- b) Whether the issue of PAP compliance should be expressly dealt with in all Directions Questionnaires, or whether parties should be required to apply to the court should they want the court to impose a sanction on an opposing party for non-compliance with a PAP?
- c) Whether the PAPs should contain a clear steer that the court should deal with PAP compliance disputes at the earliest practical opportunity, subject to the court's discretion to defer the issue?
- d) Whether there are other changes that should be introduced to clarify the court's powers to impose sanctions for non-compliance at an early stage of the proceeding, including costs sanctions?
- e) Whether you believe a different approach to sanctions should be adopted for any litigation specific PAPs and, if so, why?

a) Yes, strike outs of claims where the PAP has not been complied with should be more prevalent. c) yes d) yes, anything to stop the private parking industry using the court system as a debt collection agency. e) with regard to private parking firms, then linking the new Statutory Code of Practice from the Greg Knight bill and requiring any firm that uses the claims process to abide by the PAP as part of their adherence to the Code.

19. Do you agree that PAPs should contain the guidance and warnings about pre-action conduct set out in paragraphs 3.8-3.13?

- ☒ Yes
- ☐ No
- ☐ Other

20. Do you think there are ways the structure, language and/or obligations in PAPs could be improved so that vulnerable parties can effectively engage with PAPs? If so, please provide details.

21. Do you believe pre-action letters of claim and replies should be supported by statements of truth?

- ☒ Yes
- ☐ No
- ☐ Other

22. Do you believe that the rule in the Professional Negligence Protocol giving the court the discretion to impose sanctions on defendants who take a materially different position in their defence to that which they took in their pre-action letter of reply should be adopted in other protocols and, if so, which ones?

Not if the defendant is an unrepresented Litigant-in-Person.

23. Do you think any of the PAP steps can be used to replace or truncate the procedural steps parties must follow should litigation be necessary, for example, pleadings or disclosure? Are there any other ways that the benefits of PAP compliance can be transferred into the litigation process?

Yes, force disclosure of landowner contracts at an earlier stage.

24. Do you wish to answer questions about Practice Direction - Pre-Action Conduct? *

☒ Yes

☐ No

25. Do you support the introduction of a General Pre-action Protocol (Practice Direction)? In giving your answer please do provide any comments on the draft text for the revised general pre-action protocol set out in Appendix 4.

26. Do you agree parties should have 14 days to respond to a pre-action letter of claim under the general PAP, with the possibility of a further extension of 28 days where expert evidence is required? In cases of extension, the defendant would still be required to provide a reply within 14 days disclosing relevant information they had in their possession and confirming that a full reply would be provided within a further 28 days. Claimants would have 14 days to respond to any counterclaim. If you do not agree with these timeframes, what timeframes would you propose?

No, 30 days is preferred.

27. Do you think that the general PAP should incorporate a standard for disclosure, and if so, what standard? For example, documents that would meet the test for standard disclosure under CPR 31, or meet the test for "Initial disclosure" and/or "Limited Disclosure" under Practice Direction 51U for the Disclosure Pilot. In giving your answer we are particularly interested in respondents' views about whether the standard should include disclosure of 'known adverse documents'.

Personal Injury Protocols

The sub-committee were very conscious, as a final point worth stressing, that there is a need for evidence to underpin any changes that might be suggested in response to the questions below.

28. Do you wish to answer questions about the personal injury (PI) protocols? *

☐ Yes

☒ No

Housing Protocols

29. Do you wish to answer questions about housing protocols? *

☐ Yes

☒ No

Judicial Review Protocol

30. Do you wish to answer questions about the judicial review (JR) protocol? *

☐ Yes

☒ No

Debt Protocol

31. Do you wish to answer questions about the debt protocol? *

☒ Yes

☐ No

32. Do you support the introduction of a good faith obligation to try to resolve or narrow the dispute and the requirement to file a joint stocktake report, on condition that debtors have access to legal assistance to complete both requirements?

☒ Yes

☐ No

☐ Other

33. Would you support aligning the time limits for responding to the pre-action letter of demand to those suggested for the revised general PAP (14 days with a right to extend for a further 28 days to obtain further information including legal advice)? What changes, if any, would you make to the rules on when litigation can be commenced?

No, it should remain at 30 days with another 30 days if further information is required.

34. Do you think the contents of the pre-action letter of claim should be more prescriptive and, if so, what content should be prescribed?

Yes. Companies must set out their full case and provide all evidence they hold. Companies must not be allowed to ask respondents to access the Reply Forms on their own website where they force respondents to complete financial details or miss parts of the form out.

35. Do you think the language of the PAP should be made more user friendly and do you support changing the terms creditor and debtor to claimant and defendant?

☒ Yes

☐ No

☐ Other

36. Do you support integrating the PAP for debt claims into the Money Claims Online (MCOL) portal (or any successor platform)?

☒ Yes

☐ No

☐ Other

Construction and Engineering Protocol

37. Do you wish to answer questions about the construction and engineering protocol? *

- ☐ Yes
- ☒ No

Professional Negligence Protocol

38. Do you wish to answer a question about the professional negligence protocol? *

- ☐ Yes
- ☒ No

Proposed low value small claims track

39. Do you wish to answer a question about the proposed low value small claims track protocol? *

- ☒ Yes
- ☐ No

40. Would you support the exclusion of the stocktake requirement and the inclusion of the good faith obligation to try to resolve or narrow the dispute in a new PAP for low value small claims case worth £500 or less?

- ☐ Yes
- ☒ No
- ☐ Other

Any other comments

41. Please include here any other comments you wish to make not covered by the questions already posed.

Set aside fee is still far too high at £275, it should be no more than say 3 times the cost of raising a claim in the first place (or around £100 - £150). Moneyclaim or any future site must allow the submission of documents as PDF attachments. This should include Defences should a claim be issued. The current situation requires defendants to email the court which is far less efficient.

